



Qualification Programme

Associate Module 9 Principles of Taxation

Pilot Examination Paper

Time Allowed	2 hours 30 minutes	
Examination Assessment Allocation		
Objective Type / Scenario-based Questions	50 Marks	All questions are compulsory
Task-based Questions	50 Marks	All questions are compulsory

This pilot examination paper simulates a typical examination paper that assesses candidates' core foundational technical knowledge of the subject matters, and their skills in applying the knowledge to tackle routine professional problems, including computations. Mark(s) for each question is set in accordance with its level of difficulty.

The sample questions in this paper are to help candidates familiarise themselves with the form and style of questions which they may see in the Module 9 examination. The sample questions and answers are for reference only, and the content may not have been updated to reflect any changes in relevant standards or legislation.

You should answer **all questions** in this paper and allocate approximately 1.5 minutes for each mark.

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Published in August 2025

Table A: Personal allowances and deductions

Year of assessment	2018/19	2019/20
Personal allowances	HK\$	HK\$
Basic	132,000	132,000
Married person's	264,000	264,000
Single parent	132,000	132,000
Child		
1 st to 9 th child (each)	120,000	120,000
Additional allowance in the year of birth (each)	120,000	120,000
Dependent parent/ grandparent (aged 60 or above or is		
eligible to claim an allowance under the Government's		
Disability Allowance Scheme)	50,000	50,000
Basic Additional (for dependant residing with taxpayer	50,000	50,000
continuously throughout the whole year)	50,000	50,000
	,	,
Dependent parent/ grandparent (aged 55 – 59)		
Basic	25,000	25,000
Additional (for dependant residing with taxpayer continuously throughout the whole year)	25,000	25,000
continuously throughout the whole year)	23,000	25,000
Dependent brother/ sister	37,500	37,500
Personal disability	75,000	75,000
Disabled dependant	75,000	75,000
Deductions/ Concessionary deductions	HK\$	HK\$
Deductions/ Concessionary deductions	ПКФ	ΠΑΦ
Self-education expenses	100,000	100,000
Home loan interest	100,000	100,000
Elderly residential care expenses	100,000	100,000
Contributions to recognised retirement schemes	18,000	18,000
Qualifying premiums paid under Voluntary Health Insurance Scheme Policy	-	8,000
Qualifying annuity premiums & tax deductible MPF	_	60,000
voluntary contributions ("TVC")		00,000
Approved charitable donations	35%	35%
Depreciation allowances (For all years of assessmen	it in this paper)	
Plant and machinery: Initial allowance ("I.A.")		60%
Annual allowance ("A.A.")		Given in question
Industrial building: I.A.		20%
A.A.		4%
Commercial building: A.A.		4%



Table B: Tax rates

Year of assessment		
	2018/19*	2019/20*
Tax rates	%	%
Standard	15.0	15.0
Progressive		
HK\$1 – HK\$50,000	2.0	2.0
HK\$50,001 – HK\$100,000	6.0	6.0
HK\$100,001 – HK\$150,000	10.0	10.0
HK\$150,001 – HK\$200,000	14.0	14.0
Above HK\$200,000	17.0	17.0
Corporation profits tax	16.5	16.5
Two-tiered profits tax rates		
First HK\$2 million assessable profits		
Unincorporated businesses	7.5	7.5
Corporations	8.25	8.25
Over HK\$2 million assessable profits		
Unincorporated businesses	15.0	15.0
Corporations	16.5	16.5
0		

^{* 100%} of the final tax payable under profits tax, salaries tax and tax under personal assessment would be waived, subject to a ceiling of HK\$20,000 per case.

Table C: Stamp duty rates

Conveyance and Agreement for sale	9	
Ad Valorem Duty		
(marginal reliefs ignored)	Scale 1	Scale 2
Not exceeding HK\$2,000,000	1.5%	HK\$100
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	3%	1.5%
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$4,000,000	4.5%	2.25%
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$6,000,000	6%	3%
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$20,000,000	7.5%	3.75%
Exceeding HK\$20,000,000	8.5%	4.25%
	From 5	November 2016
For residential property		15%
and the second second	(unless specifically exempted or prov	vided otherwise)
Lease		
Rent only:		
Not exceeding 1 year		0.25%
Not exceeding 3 years		0.5%
Exceeding 3 years		1%
Premium and rent:		
Premium part		4.25%
Rent part	same as	s rent only lease
Nent part	Same as	s terit offig lease
Hong Kong Stock Transfer		
Contract notes (for every sold note and	d every bought note)	0.1%
Instrument of transfer		HK\$5

Table D: Abbreviation

CIR	Commissioner of Inland Revenue
DIPN	Departmental Interpretation and Practice Notes
IRD	Inland Revenue Department
IRO	Inland Revenue Ordinance

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OBJECTIVE TYPE / SCENARIO-BASED QUESTIONS (Total: 50 marks)

Answer **ALL** questions in this section. Together they are worth 50% of the total marks for this examination.

1	Ider	ntify which of the following conditions the CIR may holdover the tax in dispute under an objection. (1 mark)
\bigcirc	Α.	The taxpayer provides a written guarantee that he/ she will pay the tax in dispute if the objection fails.
$\widetilde{\bigcirc}$		The holding company of the taxpayer guarantees that it will pay the tax in dispute if the objection fails.
$\widetilde{\bigcirc}$		The taxpayer purchases a tax reserve certificate.
Ŏ		The taxpayer places a cash deposit with the IRD.
2	Ide	ntify which of the following does NOT constitute wilful evasion of tax under s.82(1) of the IRO. (1 mark)
\Box	Α.	A person fails to keep records of business income and expenditure for a period of not less than seven years.
	В.	A person makes a false statement in any return.
	C.	A person gives a false answer to any question or request for information asked or made.
\Box	D.	A person makes a false statement in connection with a claim for any deduction or allowance.
3	Ide	ntify which of the following powers conferred upon the CIR under the IRO can be delegated to other officers in the IRD. (2 marks)
	Δ	Power to agree with the taxpayer on assessment under objection under s.64(3) of the IRO.
		Power to obtain statement of assets and liabilities under s.51A of the IRO.
		Power to issue notice under s.82A(4) of the IRO in order to obtain representation from a taxpayer who has committed an offence.
		Power to issue notice of additional tax assessment (monetary penalty) under s.82A of the IRO.
	٥.	Tower to issue notice of additional tax assessment (monetary penalty) and a stock of the into.
4	Ider	ntify which of the following is correct regarding an error and omission claim under s.70A of the IRO. (2 marks)
\bigcirc	A.	An error or omission claim must be made in writing.
\bigcirc	В.	An error or omission claim must be lodged within one month after the date of the issue of the assessment.
\bigcirc	C.	No correction may be made if an assessment was made in accordance with the practice prevailing at the time when the return or statement was made by the IRD.
\bigcirc	D.	If an assessor refused to correct the assessment, the claimant had no right to lodge an objection against the assessor's decision.
5	Ider	ntify which of the following is/ are a valid ground for applying for the holdover of provisional salaries tax. (You may select more than one
ans	wer o	option) (1 mark)
	A.	The taxpayer encounters financial difficulty that has reduced his/her net worth.
Ĭ		The taxpayer's net chargeable income for the year is likely to be less than 90% of the provisional amount assessed.
Ĭ		An objection has been lodged by the taxpayer against the final assessment on which the provisional assessment is based.
6	Iden	tify which of the following is/ are power(s) provided under the IRO to recover tax in default. (You may select more than one answer option) (2
ma	rks)	
	A.	To take civil action in the District Court against the tax defaulter.
	B.	To give a notice to the employer of a taxpayer to pay the amount of outstanding tax from the taxpayer's salary.
	C.	The CIR can issue a departure prevention direction to prevent the tax defaulter from leaving Hong Kong.
	D	Impounding ships or aircraft in case of a default by an owner or charterer of ships or aircraft



7 Determine whether the below statements regarding stamp duty liability of instruments is TRUE or FALSE . (2 marks)
Answer area
(a) An instrument to transfer one's residential property in Hong Kong to his or her daughter without consideration is chargeable. A. True B. False
(b) An agreement for sale and purchase of an immoveable property in Hong Kong is chargeable. A. True B. False
(c) A 5-year lease agreement of a commercial building in Central at a monthly rent of HK\$50,000 is chargeable. A. True B. False
(d) A loan agreement for the purpose of acquiring a residential property in Hong Kong is chargeable. A. True B. False
Question 8 Determine whether the below statements regarding an objection lodged against an estimated assessment are TRUE or FALSE. (2 marks)
Answer area
(a) The objection needs to be in writing. A. True B. False
(b) A valid return has to be filed together with the notice of objection if not filed before. A. True B. False
(c) The onus of proof is on the CIR to show that the assessment is correct. A. True B. False
(d) The taxpayer has to state precisely the grounds for the objection. A. True B. False

9 Under s.60(1) of the IRO, the assessor may raise an assessment or an additional assessment within years after the end of the year

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of assessment concerned according to his own judgement. (1 mark)



[10]	lde	ntify which of the following is NOT a valid ground for applying for the holding-over of provisional property tax. (1 mark)
\bigcirc	В.	The assessable value is likely to be less than 90% of that for the preceding year of assessment. The taxpayer has elected personal assessment, which is likely to reduce his/ her property tax liability for the year of assessment. The taxpayer has departed from Hong Kong in the year of assessment and will not return to Hong Kong for a considerable period. The taxpayer has lodged a valid objection to his/ her property tax assessment for the preceding year of assessment.
[11]	Ider	ntify which of the following statements is CORRECT for the purpose of property tax. (2 marks)
	В.	Rental income received by a corporation carrying on business in Hong Kong is not subject to Property tax. An individual owner whose rental income from a property in Hong Kong will not be liable to Property tax if the rental income is less than the basic allowance.
		Joint owners of a property in Hong Kong will receive the property tax assessment on such property separately.
	D.	Property tax is charged at the standard rate on the net assessable value.
_		respect of "land or buildings" or "land and buildings", determine which of the following persons is an owner for property tax purposes. (You lect more than one answer option) (1 mark)
		A mortgagor.
		A mortgagee.
	C.	A tenant for life.
[13]	Ide	entify which of the following statements about personal assessment is NOT true. (1 mark)
\bigcirc	A.	Under personal assessment, a husband and wife cannot elect to be separately assessed.
	В.	Under personal assessment, a husband can claim the married person's allowance if his wife has no chargeable income.
0	C.	An individual must be aged 21 or above to elect for personal assessment.
\bigcirc	D.	An unmarried individual must be a permanent or temporary resident of Hong Kong to elect for personal assessment.
Mar	ch 2	phen is employed by B Limited in Country B and it is accepted that his employment is located outside Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 2024, he visited Hong Kong for 140 days during which he rendered services for 120 days. His employer provided him with a hotel suite with droom when he stayed in Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 March 2024, Stephen received total salaries of HK\$730,000 from his employer.
Calo	ulat	te Stephen's assessable income for the year of assessment 2023/24. (2 marks)
\bigcirc	A.	HK\$249,600.
Ŏ		HK\$291,200.
\bigcirc	C.	HK\$302,400.
\bigcirc	D.	HK\$308,000.
15	Det	ermine which of the following conditions must be fulfilled before a taxpayer can claim salaries tax relief under s.8(1A)(c) of the IRO. (2 marks)
		The tax rate at which the taxpayer paid the foreign tax is higher than the effective Hong Kong salaries tax rate.
$\tilde{}$		The amount of foreign tax paid exceeds that of the Hong Kong salaries tax the taxpayer would need to pay under the IRO.
Ŏ		The taxpayer has submitted his/ her statutory declaration that he/ she has paid the foreign tax.
<u></u>		The taypayer can show evidence that the foreign tay has been paid or deducted

16 Luke is the general manager of a Hong Kong company. You have been supplied with the following information regarding the year ended 31 March 2024:

- Luke's annual salary was HK\$960,000;
- His employer provided a flat to him at a monthly rent of HK\$4,000. The flat was owned by his employer; and
- He paid self-education expenses of HK\$120,000 to attend an MBA course at a university in Hong Kong.

Calculate Luke's net assessable income for the year of assessment 2023/24. (3 marks)

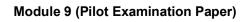
HK\$

Salaries Rental value Less: Rent suffered Deductions Net assessable income IV According to DIPN No. 21 (Revised), identify which of the following risks will be considered by the IRD in determining whether a re-involcentre is a trader or service provider. (1 mark) 1. Product risks. 11. Credit risks. 11. Credit risks. 11. Exchange risks. 11. Capital risks. 12. Capital risks. 13. A. I only. 14. B. I and II only. 15. C. I, II and III only. 16. D. I, II, III and IV. 17. III and IV. 18. Determine which of the following items (all for producing chargeable profits) is NOT deductible for profits tax purposes. (1 mark) 16. A. Specific trade debts written off. 17. B. Loss on disposal of production equipment. 18. C. Legal fees incurred on the renewal of a lease of a commercial property. 19. D. Repair expenses for a computer. 10. Identify which of the following are included in the definition of "business" under s.2(1) of the IRO. (2 marks) 17. A. Land II only. 18. A. Land II only. 19. Pig rearing. 11. Letting or subletting by a corporation.		
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		tting by a corporation.

B. I and III only.
C. II and III only.
D. I, II and III.

Kong to sell its whisky to Hong 2023:	Kong customers. You have been supplied with the following	nformation about BC Inc for the year ended 31 December
Worldwide turnover: Hong Kong turnover: Worldwide assets: Hong Kong assets: Adjusted worldwide profits:	HK\$250 million HK\$50 million HK\$100 million HK\$30 million HK\$15 million	
Calculate the assessable profits A. Nil. B. HK\$3 million. C. HK\$4.5 million. D. HK\$7.5 million.	of BC Inc chargeable to Hong Kong profits tax for the year of	assessment 2023/24. <i>(2 marks)</i>
shop in an old commercial buil director of B Ltd. B Ltd renovat	trading business in Hong Kong and prepares its accounts to ding. To finance the purchase of the shop, B Ltd obtained a led the shop and let it out in September 2022 until January 2 which of the following statements is/ are TRUE. (3 marks)	oan from Mr Bai, who is retired and is the father of a
II. B Ltd can claim deductio III. B Ltd can claim deductio IV. B Ltd can claim deductio A. I only. B. I and II only.	on from the payment of property tax in respect of the shop. n of commercial building allowance in respect of the shop. n of refurbishment expenditure in respect of the cost of renc n of interest paid to Mr Bai in respect of the loan borrowed to	
(2 marks)	ving foreign taxes or duties may be deductible under s.16(1) o	of the IRO. (You may select more than one answer option).
A. Duties on commoditieB. Vehicle licence fees.C. Rates levied on properD. Capital gain tax.		
of the shop is HK\$5,000,000 (ex	March 2016, E Ltd purchased a shop in Kowloon at a price of H ccluding the cost of land). During the year ended 31 March 20 th 2024, E Ltd sold the shop for HK\$20,000,000 (one half of wh	021, E Ltd incurred HK\$1,000,000 for renovating the shop.
Calculate the amount of net tax	cable income for the year of assessment 2023/24. (3 marks)	HK\$
Residue of expenditure	d per year X no. of years Annual allowance could be claimed	
Less: Sale proceeds Balancing allowance/ (charge)	, restricted to allowance given	
Previous allowance claimed Refurbishment allowance Net taxable income		

20 BC Inc is a company incorporated in France. It brews and sells whisky in France and other countries in Europe. In 2023, it set up a branch in Hong





24 Mr Au and Mr Bau were partners of AB Co up to 30 April 2023.

On 1 May 2023, Mr Bau retired. The accounts of AB Co end on 31 March each year. Before Mr Bau's retirement, they shared the profit/ loss at a ratio of 3:2 after charging monthly salaries of HK\$30,000 to Mr Au and HK\$18,000 to Mr Bau. Mr Au continues to carry on the business of AB Co after Mr Bau's retirement. The adjusted profit of AB Co for the year of assessment 2023/24 is HK\$1,200,000 after charging the monthly salaries paid to Mr Au and Mr Bau. Mr Bau ceased to receive monthly salaries from AB Co as from 1 May 2023. Mr Bau has a share of partnership loss of HK\$100,000 brought forward from the year of assessment 2022/23. Both Mr Au and Mr Bau have not elected for personal assessment for the year of assessment 2023/24.

Calculate the net assessable profit of AB Co for the year of assessment 2023/24. (3 marks)

	HK\$
Adjusted profit	1200000
Partner's salaries	
- Mr Au	
- Mr Bau	
Assessable profit	
Assessable profit for first 1 month	
Assessable profit for last 11 months	
	

	Mr. Au	Mr. Bau	Total
	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Period - First 1 month			
Salaries			
Residue			
Period - Last 11 months			
Residue		-	
Loss b/f			
Net assessable profits			

25 Upper Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lower Limited and they are incorporated in Hong Kong. Lower Limited owns an office, which was purchased in September 2023.

On 30 September 2023, Lower Limited and Upper Limited executed a lease agreement under the following terms:

Lease period: 1 October 2023 to 30 September 2026 (three years)

Monthly rent: HK\$30,000

Calculate the amount of ad valorem duty payable under the Stamp Duty Ordinance in respect of the lease agreement. (2 marks)

- A. Nil due to s.45 exemption claim.

 B. HK\$900.
- O =
- C. HK\$1,800.
- D. HK\$3,600.



	and North Limited are companies inco y in Hong Kong to North Limited for a	orporated in Hong Kong. East Limited executed an agreement of sale and purchase to sell its office consideration of HK\$15 million.
Identify	which of the following statements is C	CORRECT for the purpose of s.45 relief under the Stamp Duty Ordinance. (1 mark)
O A.	East Limited and North Limited are as Limited.	ssociated corporations as East Limited is considered as holding 90% of the issued shares in North
О в.	East Limited and North Limited are as Limited.	ssociated corporations as East Limited is considered as holding 81% of the issued shares in North
○ c.	East Limited and North Limited are no Limited.	ot associated corporations as East Limited is considered as holding 81% of the issued shares in North
O D.	S.45 relief under the Stamp Duty Ordi	nance is not relevant in this case as it only provides relief for transfer of Hong Kong stock.
Question		Q ←→ Rest
they live mortgag	d at their own property. After marriage, they e loan interest for Property A and Property E 1 April 2024 – 30 November 20.	3. Both properties are situated in Hong Kong. Peter and Mary married on 1 December 2024. Before their marriage, y lived at Property B. Property A was used by Peter's parents as their residence. Peter and Mary paid the following 3 respectively during the year ended 31 March 2025: 24 1 December 2024 – 31 March 2025
	Property A HK\$80,000 Property B HK\$56,000	HK\$40,000 HK\$28,000
Answer	агеа	
(a) Calc	ulate the amount of home loan interest tha	at can be allowed to Peter for the year of assessment 2024/25. (1 mark)
○ A.	HK\$40,000.	
○ B.	HK\$80,000.	
○ c.	HK\$100,000.	
O D.	HK\$120,000.	
(b) Calc	ulate the amount of home loan interest th	at can be allowed to Mary for the year of assessment 2024/25. (1 mark)
○ A.	HK\$28,000.	
○ B.	HK\$56,000.	
○ C.	HK\$84,000.	
O D.	HK\$100,000.	
Question	1	Q ++Res
	nited commenced business on 1 July 2023 a HK\$300,000.	nd prepared its first account on 31 October 2024. Its adjusted profits for the period from 1 July 2023 to 31 October
Answer	area	
(a) Calc	ulate the amount of adjusted profits for the	e year of assessment 2023/24. <i>(1 mark)</i>
_	HK\$37,500.	
	HK\$75,000.	
	HK\$112,500.	
() D.	HK\$168,750.	
(b) Calc	ulate the amount of adjusted profits for the	e year of assessment 2024/25. (1 mark)
○ A.	HK\$131,250.	
О В.	HK\$187,500.	
O C.	HK\$225,000.	
O.	HK\$262,500.	

26 East Limited owns 90% of the issued shares in West Limited. West Limited owns 90% of the issued shares in North Limited. East Limited, West



TASKED-BASED QUESTIONS (Total: 50 marks)

Answer **ALL** questions in this section. Together they are worth 50% of the total marks for this examination.

Question Q ←→ Rest

AG Limited ("the Company") is incorporated and carries on a trading business in Hong Kong. Mr Chen is the director of the Company. The Company does not carry on any other business in Hong Kong and it prepares its accounts to 31 March each year. Its statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2019 shows the following particulars:

	Notes	HK\$	HK\$
Gross profits	1		11,256,000
Interest received	2		170,000
Dividends from wholly owned subsidiary in mainland China	3		66,500
			11,492,500
Less:			
Auditor's fee		60,000	
Director's remuneration	4	1,560,000	
Salaries and allowances		5,370,000	
Rent and rates for office premises	5	640,000	
Contributions to mandatory provident fund ("MPF") scheme	6	990,000	
Loss on sale of fixed asset	7	10,000	
Commission	8	550,000	
Interest paid	9	250,000	
Water and electricity		80,000	
Motor vehicle expenses	10	275,000	
Bad debts	11	227,000	
Donations	12	400,000	
Depreciation		312,000	
General expenses (all allowable)		370,000	(11,094,000)
Net profit			398,500

Note	_	
(1)	All gross profits are sourced in Hong Kong	
		HK\$
(2)	Interest from Hong Kong dollar fixed deposit placed with a local bank (see also Note 9 below)	140,000
	Interest from customers on overdue accounts	30,000
		170,000
		HK\$
(3)	Gross dividend	70,000
	Less: Withholding tax @ 5%	(3,500)
		66,500
		HK\$
(4)	Director's fee to Mr Chen	1,200,000
	Rent and rates paid to landlord for director's accommodation rented by the Company directly	360,000
		1,560,000
		HK\$
(5)	Rent of office premises paid to landlord*	600,000
	Rates of office premises	40,000
		640,000
	* The office premises are wholly owned by KG Limited, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in Hong Kong.	



			HK\$
(6)	Special payment to the scheme		500,000
	Annual contribution to the scheme in respect of:		
	- Mr Chen (20%)		240,000
	- Other employees (5% of remuneration)		250,000
			990,000
		HK\$	HK\$
(7)	Sales proceeds of computers	TIK	20,000
(7)	Costs of computers	80,000	20,000
	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(50,000)	(30,000)
	2535.7 cedifidated depredation	(30,000)	(10,000)
	The computers were purchased in 2012 and the costs were deducted under prescribed fixed assets in the year of assessment 2	013/13	
	The computers were purchased in 2012 and the costs were deducted under prescribed fixed assets in the year of assessment 2	012/15.	
			HK\$
(8)	Salesmen's commission		320,000
	Commission to undisclosed recipients		230,000
			550,000
(9)	Interest on loan from Mr Chen		50,000
(3)	Interest on loan from a local bank. The loan was secured by the Company's fixed deposit as mentioned in Note 2 above.		200,000
	interest of floar from a local bank. The loan was secured by the company's fixed deposit as mentioned in Note 2 above.		250,000
	Mr Chen has not carried on any business in Hong Kong.		
			HK\$
(10)	Fine		14,000
	Petrol		170,000
	Car-parking charges		72,000
	Repairs	_	19,000
		_	275,000
			LUZÓ
(1.1)	Trade debt written off		HK\$
(11)	Loan to a customer written off		127,000 100,000
	Loan to a customer written on		227,000
(12)	These were cash donations paid to approved charitable organisations in Hong Kong.		
Other	information:		
(13)	The tax written down value of plant and machinery under the 30% pool brought forward from the year of assessment 2017/18 the Company purchased the following assets:	is HK\$76,000. Durin	g the year,
	Motor vehicles: HK\$800,000 Computers: HK\$120,000		
(14)	The Company had incurred decoration expenses of HK\$275,000 when the Company moved into the office premises Note 5 in 2010/11.	the year of assessm	ent

Answer area ←→ Res

[a] Compute AG Limited's profits tax liability for the year of assessment 2018/19. Ignore provisional profits tax. Please scroll down to the bottom of the Answer to complete the workings for the Profits Tax Computation. If an item is not taxable/ deductible, please input "zero/ 0" into the corresponding field blank. (20 marks)

AG Limited				
Profits tax computation				
Year of assessment 2018/19				
Basis period: year ended 31 March 2	2019			
	HK\$			
Net profit	ПА			
Add:				
Special contribution to mandatory provident fund ("MPF") (Working 1)				
Annual contribution to MPF (Working 2)				
Loss on sale of fixed asset				
Sale proceeds of fixed assets				
Commission				
Interest expenses				
Fine/ Penalty				
Bad debt written off				
Donations				
Depreciation				
				
ess:				
Dividend income				
Depreciation allowance for plant and machinery (Working 3)				
Commercial building allowance	[]			
(Working 4)	L			
Prescribed fixed assets				
ess:				
Approved charitable donations (XX% limit) (Working 5)				
Assessable profit				
A SOCIONAL PROTECTION OF THE P	<u> </u>			
Profits tax @ 8.25%				
Less: Tax reduction				
Profits tax payable				



 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \textbf{(b)} \\ \hline \textbf{Complete the workings for the Profits Tax Computation}. \\ \hline \end{tabular}$

	HK\$		=	
	g_2: Il contribution to MPF Scheme - [pect of the employee HK\$	Emolument of the x employee HK\$	% specified in s.17(1)(h)] = Taxable benefit
	- [п.	%] =
<u>orkir</u>	<u>g 3:</u>	30% pool	Depreciation allowance	
		HK\$	HK\$	
	v. b/fwd			
ddit	ons			
	IA			
ess:	(i.e. Relevant amount (HK\$)]	
ess:	Sales proceeds			
ess:	AA @30%			
V.C	.V. c/fwd			
	ng 4: fying expenditure x Rate of anı HK\$		Commercial building allowance	
<u>orkin</u> e low	<u>g 5:</u> er of the following:			
	Charitable donations HK\$; OR		
	(The applicable amount HK\$ x		%) =	HK\$



Question Q ←→ Res

30 Steve is employed by AA Limited as general manager in Hong Kong. AA Limited is incorporated and carried on business in Hong Kong. You have been supplied with the following information regarding Steve's employment for the year ended 31 March 2020:

- (1) Salary: HK\$1,200,000
- (2) Bonus: HK\$200,000
- (3) During the period from 1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019, Steve rented a flat as his residence at a monthly rent of HK\$40,000. AA Limited refunded the whole amount of rent to him.

Starting from 1 October 2019, Steve moved into his own flat purchased by him in September 2019. The cost of the flat was HK\$12,500,000, which was financed with the mortgage loans granted by AA Limited (HK\$4,000,000) and Bank A in Hong Kong (HK\$5,000,000). AA Limited also gave a monthly allowance of HK\$40,000 to Steve for the repayment of mortgage loans. During the period from 1 October 2019 to 31 March 2020, Steve paid the followings in respect of the two mortgage loans:

Recipient	cipient AA Limited	
	HK\$	HK\$
Principal	0	120,000
Interest	30,000	90,000

- (4) In April 2019, Steve took a nine days business trip to Germany, followed by a seven days' vacation leave there. His wife, Mary, joined him during the vacation leave. AA Limited paid HK\$90,000 to a travel agency for Steve's air-ticket, accommodation and catering. Steve paid HK\$54,000 to the travel agency for Mary's air-ticket and catering. No additional cost was required for accommodation. The cost of the air-ticket was HK\$40,000 each.
- (5) On 1 June 2019, Steve was granted an unconditional option to purchase 100,000 shares of AA Limited at HK\$2 each within two years. Steve paid HK\$10,000 for the option. On 10 July 2019, he exercised the option. On 30 November 2019, he received dividends of HK\$80,000 from AA Limited. The market values per share were as follows:

1 June 2019	HK\$3.80
10 July 2019	HK\$5.00
30 November 2019	HK\$4.50

- (6) Steve's elder son, Ronald, is studying full-time in an international school in Hong Kong. AA Limited signed a contract with the school so that the school fees of Ronald were payable by AA Limited. During the year, AA Limited paid total school fees of HK\$140,000 to the school.
- (7) Steve is the director of AB Limited. AB Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of AA Limited, carrying on business in Hong Kong. During the year, he received director's fees of HK\$150,000 from AB Limited.
- (8) Mary is a housewife. They have two sons, Ronald and George. George was born on 2 March 2020. Steve's father who is aged 68 is living with them.
- (9) During the year, Steve paid the following:

		HK\$
(a)	Subscription to professional association related to his employment	2,150
(b)	Cash donations for AA Limited's lucky draw at its annual dinner	3,000
(c)	Cash donations to approved charitable organizations	90,000
(d)	Self-education expenses for an MBA course	60,000
(e)	Mandatory contribution to MPF scheme	18,000
(f)	Qualifying annuity premiums	60,000

Answer area

(a) Compute the amount of share option gain chargeable to salaries tax for the year of assessment 2019/20. (3 marks)

	Steve	
	Share option ga	ain
	Year of assessment 2	2019/20
		HK\$
Marke	t value (Working 1)	
Less:	Cost of option	
	Cost of shares (Working 2)	
Share tax	option gain chargeable to salaries	

Working 1 Number of shares	x x	Market value HK\$	=	HK\$
Working 2				
Number of shares	X	Consideration per share HK\$	=	Cost of shares HK\$
	Х		=	

(b) Compute Steve's salaries tax liability for the year of assessment 2019/20. Ignore provisional salaries tax. Please scroll down to the bottom of the Answer to complete the workings for the Salaries Tax Computation. If an item is not taxable/ deductible, please input "zero/ 0" into the corresponding field blank. (17 marks)

			HK\$
Salary			
Bonus			
Housing allowance - Period 1 (Working 3)			
Holiday journey benefit (Working 4)			
Education	n benefit		
Director's	fees		
Rental val	ue - Period 2 (Working	5)	
Share opt	ion gain (from (a))		
Total asse	ssable income		
Less:	Subscription		
	Self-education expens	es	



Net asses	ssable income						
Less:	Approved charitable donat	ions					
	Home loan interest						
	Mandatory contribution to	MPF scheme					
	Qualifying annuity premiun	ns					
				_			
				_			
Less:	Married person's allowance						
2033.	Child allowance (Working 6						
	Dependent parent allowand						
	Dependent parent allowant	Le With additional		_			
				_			
	geable income	1					
	ogressive rate (Working 7)						
Tax at sta	ndard rate						
Salaries to	ax						
Less:	Tax reduction						
Salaries t	ax payable	1		-			
				_			
Working 3 Monthly HK\$			Housing allowance - Pe HK\$	eriod 1			
Working 4	st of journey paid by - Am	nount excluded to calculate ble holiday journey benefit HK\$] x Non-bu	siness days /	/ Total number of days fo the journey		Holiday journey benefi HK:
Working 5							
[Taxable			Allowable outgoing a expenses HK\$	ind] x	Number of months to accomodation on benefit - Period 2		Number of months in a year
[]	- [-] x		/	
			L				
x % of ca value	alculating rental =	Rental value					
Х	% =]				
Working 6							
[for each	Child allowance x h of the 1st to 9th child) HK\$	Number of child] +	[Ch for each child born do	nild allowance uring the year HK\$	x Number of child	[b	= Child allowand
[x [] +			х]	= [
Working 7			•				
First HK\$5	50,000 @2%	HKS	\$				
	50,000 @2% 50,000 @6%						
	50,000 @10%						
	50,000 @14%						
	50,000 @ 14% er of net chargeable income @179	%					
	gressive rate	70					
	grossive rate						

Module 9 (Pilot Examination Paper)



31 Tom is a Hong Kong permanent resident. He owns all the issued shares in Upper Limited, Middle Limited and Low Limited. Upper Limited, Middle Limited and Low Limited are companies incorporated in Hong Kong and the shareholders registers are kept in Hong Kong.

Upper Limited and Middle Limited beneficially solely owned Property X and Property Y respectively. Property X is a residential property in North Point and Property Y is an office in Central.

On 1 April 2020, Tom sold to an unrelated individual, Kevin, all his shares in Upper Limited for a consideration of HK\$10 million. As part of the agreement, Tom would assign to Kevin the shareholder's loan of HK\$2 million due by the Company. Kevin is a Hong Kong permanent resident and did not own any residential property in Hong Kong.

On 15 September 2020, Middle Limited leased to Low Limited its Property Y for a period of four years starting from 1 October 2020 under the following terms:

- (a) Lump sum premium: HK\$300,000 payable on 1 September 2020
- (b) Monthly rent:
 HK\$20,000 for the period from 1 October 2020 30 September 2022; and
 HK\$22,000 for the period from 1 October 2022 30 September 2024.

All the relevant documents of the above transactions are executed in Hong Kong. (5 marks)

Allswei	alea							- N	Ē
(a) Ide	ntify which of the following	ng do	cuments have to be stamp	ed as r	equi	uired under the Stamp Duty Ordinan	nce. (You may select more tha	n one answer option)	
A.	Loan agreement								
О В.	Instrument of transfer								
C.	Lease agreement								
D.	Bought note								
E.	Sold note								
(b) Reg	garding the sale of shares	in U	oper Limited by Tom to Kel	vin, con	npu	ute the amount of stamp duty payab	ble.		
Va	alue	X	Stamp duty rate (%)		X	+	=	Stamp duty payable	
H	K\$					HK	(\$	HK\$	
- [X		%	Х	+	=	!	



Question Q +> Restore

32 Mr Lo owns a residential flat in Wanchai. The property was let to Mr Fong under the following terms:

- (1) Lease period 1: 1 October 2016 30 September 2018 (24 months)
- (2) Monthly rent: HK\$15,000 payable at the beginning of each month
- (3) Premium: HK\$60,000 payable on 1 October 2016
- (4) Rates (after rates concession): HK\$800 per quarter payable by Mr Fong
- (5) Management fee: HK\$1,100 per month payable by Mr Lo

On 1 August 2018, Mr Fong told Mr Lo that he would move out from the property upon expiry of the lease and he failed to pay rent since then. On 1 December 2018, Mr Fong was declared bankrupt and it was accepted that the rent owed by Mr Fong was irrecoverable on this date.

The property was then let to Mr Zhen under the following terms:

- (1) Lease period 2: 1 January 2019 30 June 2022 (42 months)
- (2) Monthly rent: HK\$20,000 payable at the beginning of each month
- (3) Premium: HK\$72,000 payable on 1 January 2019
- (4) Rates and management fee: payable by Mr Lo

During the year ended 31 March 2019, Mr Lo paid the following expenses in relation to the property:

- (1) Rates: HK\$1,600 (2 quarters)
- (2) Management fee: HK\$13,200
- (3) Decoration: HK\$200,000
- (4) Mortgage loan interest: HK\$90,000



Answer area

Compute the net assessable value of Mr Lo's property for the year of assessment 2018/19. (5 marks)

		Mr Lo			
		Property tax			
	Ye	ar of assessment 2018/19			
			HK\$		
		period 1 (Working 1)			
		period 2 (Working 2)			
Permiu	ım (1) in Lease perio	od 1 (Working 3)			
Permiu	ım (2) in Lease perio	od 2 (Working 4)			
Less:	Irrecoverable rent	(Working 5)			
		1			
Less:	Rates				
		1	!		
Less:	Statutory decuction	n			
Net as	sessable value		!		
HK\$	nly rent	x Number of months x [x Number of months x [= Rent receivable for Leas HK\$ = Rent receivable for Leas HK\$		
Workir Premi HK\$		x Number of months	/ Lease period (Capped at	t 36 months)	= Permium (1) HK\$
Workin Premi HK\$	_	x Number of months	/ Lease period (Capped at	t 36 months)	= Permium (2) HK\$
Workin Month HK\$	ng_5 nly rent	x Number of months	= Irrecoverable rent HK\$		

* * * END OF EXAMINATION PAPER * * *



Module 9 Principles of Taxation

Answers

The purpose of the suggested answers is meant to help candidates in their revision and learning.

OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (Total: 50 marks)

Questions		Answer	Marks
1	С		1
2	Α		1
3	Α		2
4	С		2
5	B,C		1
6	A,B,D		2
7(a)	Α		
7(b)	Α		2
7(c)	Α		
7(d)	В		
8(a)	Α		
8(b)	Α		2
8(c)	В		_
8(d)	Α		
9	6,six		1
10	С		1
11	D		2
12	A,C		1
13	С		1
14	В		2
15	D		2
16		HK\$	
	Salaries	960,000	
	Rental value	96,000	
	Less: Rent suffered	(48,000)	3
		1,008,000	
	Deductions	(100,000)	
	Net assessable income	908,000	
17	D		1
18	В		1
19	D		2
20	В		2
21	Α		3
22	A,B,C		2

CPA Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants 香港會計節公會

Questions		Answer			Marks
23	Cost of construction Less: Annual Allowance claimed Annual Allowance could be claimed Residue of expenditure Less: Sale proceeds Balancing allowance / (charge), regiven Previous allowance claimed Refurbishment allowance	ed		HK\$ 5,000,000 (1,600,000) 3,400,000 (10,000,000) (6,600,000) (1,600,000) 200,000	3
24	Net taxable income			(1,400,000)	3
24	Adjusted profit Partner's salaries - Mr Au 360,000 - Mr Bau 18,000 Assessable profit Assessable profit for first 1 month Assessable profit for last 11 months	HK\$ 1,200,000 378,000 1,578,000 131,500 1,446,500 1,578,000			9
	Period - First 1 month	Mr Au I HK\$	Mr Bau HK\$	Total HK\$	
	Salaries	30,000	18,000	48,000	
	Residue		33,400	83,500	
	IVESIUUE		51,400	131,500	

	Period - Last 11 months				
	Residue	1,446,500		1,446,500	
		1,526,600	51,400	1,578,000	
	Loss b/f		(51,400)	(51,400)	
	Net assessable profit	1,526,600		1,526,600	
25	С				2
26	С				1
27(a)	В				1
27(b)	С				1
28(a)	В				1
28(b)	С				1



TASKED-BASED QUESTIONS (Total: 50 marks)

Questions	Answer		Marks
29	AG Limited		20
	Profits tax computation		
	Year of assessment 2018/19		
	Basis period: year ended 31 March 2019		
		HK\$	
	Net profit	398,500	
	Add:		
	Special contribution to mandatory provident fund ("MPF")		
	(Working 1)	400,000	
	Annual contribution to MPF (Working 2)	60,000	
	Loss on sale of fixed asset	10,000	
	Sale proceeds of fixed assets	20,000	
	Commission	230,000	
	Interest expenses	50,000	
	Fine/ Penalty	14,000	
	Bad debt written off	100,000	
	Donations	400,000	
	Depreciation	312,000	
		1,994,500	
	Less:		
	Dividend income	66,500	
	Depreciation allowance for plant and machinery (Working 3)	589,800	
	Commercial building allowance (Working 4)	11,000	
	Prescribed fixed assets	120,000	
		(787,300)	
		1,207,200	
	Less:		
	Approved charitable donations (XX% limit) (Working 5)	(400,000)	
	Assessable profit	807,200	
	Profits tax @ 8.25%	66,594	
	Less: Tax reduction	(20,000)	
	Profits tax payable	46,594	



Working 1					
Expenditure (HK\$) x	Non-deduct anr instalments/ T number of anr instalme	nual otal nual	= initia	lon-ded Il and/ S bution t	Special
500,000 x		4/5	=	40	00,000
Working 2	<u>Deductible</u> conti				
Annual contribution to - MPF Scheme in respect of the Employee (HK\$)	(Emolument of the Employee (HK\$)	Х	specified in s.17(1)(h))	=	Taxable benefit (HK\$)
240,000 -	(1,200,000	x	15%) =	60,000
Working 3	30% pool (HK\$)		Depreciation allowance (HK\$)		
T.W.D.V. b/fwd Additions	76,000 <u>800,000</u>				
	876,000				
Less: I.A. (i.e. Relevant amount (HK\$)	(480,000)		480,000		
Relevant amount			480,000		
Relevant amount (HK\$) (800,000	<u>(480,000)</u> 396,000		480,000		
Relevant amount (HK\$) (800,000 X60%)	(480,000) 396,000		480,000		
Relevant amount (HK\$) (800,000 X60%)	(480,000) 396,000 (30,000)		480,000 109,800	_	

	Working 4 Qualifying Rate of Commercial expenditure (in x annual = building HK\$) allowance (%) (HK\$)	
	275,000 x 4% = 11,000	
	Working 5	
	The lower of the following:	
	Charitable or (The applicable %) = Approved donation amount (HK\$) x charitable donations (HK\$)	
	400,000 or ($1,207,200$ x $35%$) = $400,000$	
30(a)	Steve Share option gain	3
	Year of assessment 2019/20	
	Market value (Working 1) 500,000 Less: Cost of option (10,000) Cost of shares (Working 2) (200,000) Share option gain chargeable to salaries tax 290,000	
	Working 1 Number of x Market value = HK\$ shares (HK\$)	
	100,000 x 5 = 500,000	
	Working 2 Number of x Consideration per = HK\$ shares share (HK\$)	
	100,000 x 2 = 200,000	

Module 9 (Pilot Examination Paper)

30(b)		HK\$	17
00(5)	Salary	1,200,000	• •
	Bonus	200,000	
	Housing allowance - Period 1 (Working 3)	240,000	
	Holiday journey benefit (Working 4)	21,875	
	Education benefit	140,000	
	Director's fees	150,000	
		1,951,875	
	Rental value - Period 2 (Working 5)	85,486	
		2,037,361	
	Share option gain	290,000	
	Total assessable income	2,327,361	
	Less: Subscription	2,150	
	Self-education expenses	60,000	
		(62,150)	
	Net assessable income	2,265,211	
		00.000	
	Less: Approved charitable donations	90,000	
	Home loan interest	100,000 18,000	
	Mandatory contribution to MPF scheme Qualifying annuity premiums	60,000	
	Qualifying armuny promiting	(268,000)	
		1,997,211	
	Less: Married person's allowance	264,000	
	Child allowance (Working 6)	360,000	
	Dependent parent allowance with	•	
	additional	100,000	
		(724,000)	
	Net chargeable income	1,273,211	
	Tax at progressive rate (Working 7)	198,445	
	Tax at standard rate	299,581	
	Salaries tax	198,445	
	Less: Tax reduction	(20,000)	
	Salaries tax payable	178,445	
	Working 3		
	Monthly rent x Number of = Housing allowance -		
	HK\$ months	HK\$	
	40,000 x 6 =	240,000	



	<u> </u>
	Working 4 [Cost of - Amount] x Non- / Total = Holiday journey excluded to business number journey paid by calculate days of days benefit employer taxable for the (HK\$) holiday journey journey benefit (HK\$)
	[00 000
Working 5 [Taxable income (HK\$)	benefit outgoing entitled to of months calculating (HK\$) and accommodation in a year rental value expenses benefit - Period 2 (HK\$)
Work	ting 6
[allov (For ea the 1st child (to 9th (HK\$)
[12	$0,000 \times 2 + [120,000 \times 1] = 360,000$
Working 7	HK\$
First HK\$50	0,000 @ 2% 1,000
Next HK\$5	0,000 @ 6% 3,000
Next HK\$5	0,000 @ 10% 5,000
Next HK\$5	7,000 @ 14%
Remainder	of net chargeable income @ 17 %182,446
Tax at prog	ressive rate198,445_
31(a)	B,D,E 5
31(b)	(Value in x Stamp x) + = HK\$ duty rate % HK\$
	$(1,200,000 \times 0.1 \% \times 2) + 5 = 24,005$



32	Mr Lo Property tax Year of assessment 2018/19	5
	Rent receivable for Lease period 1 (Working 1) Rent receivable for Lease period 2 (Working 2) Premium (1) in Lease period 1 (Working 3) Premium (2) in Lease period 2 (Working 4) HK\$ 90,000 60,000 15,000 171,000	
	Less: Irrecoverable rent (Working 5) (30,000) 141,000	
	Less: Rates (1,600) 139,400	
	Less: Statutory deduction Net assessable value (27,880) 111,520	
	Working 1 Lease period (1) Monthly rent x Number of = HK\$ (HK\$) months	
	15,000 x 6 = 90,000	
	Working 2 Lease period (2) Monthly rent x Number of = HK\$ (HK\$) months	
	$20,000 \times 3 = 60,000$	
	Working 3 Premium (1) Premium x Number of / Lease period (Capped = HK\$ months at 36 months)	
	60,000 x 6 / 24 = 15,000	
	Working 4 Premium (2) Premium x Number of / Lease period (Capped = HK\$ months at 36 months)	
	$72,000 \times 3 / 36 = 6,000$	
	Working 5 Monthly rent Number of (HK\$) x months = HK\$	
	15,000 x 2 = 30,000	

 st st st END OF EXAMINATION PAPER st st st

